



PAKISTAN STUDIES

XI-XII

Model Test Paper

Duration: 2 hours

Marks: 50

Instructions:

- Write in dark blue or black pen.
- The paper is divided into two sections. Section A consists of Constrictive Response Questions and Section B consists of Extended Response Questions.
- Bothe sections carry equal marks' weightage.
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

Section A:

(25)

Multiple Choice Questions

1. Gwadar Port is constructed in the province of:
 - a. Sindh
 - b. Punjab
 - c. Balochistan
 - d. KPK
2. What official name was given to Pakistan in the constitution of 1956:
 - a. Islamic Pakistan
 - b. Islamic Republic of Pakistan
 - c. Republic of Pakistan
 - d. Socialist Republic of Pakistan
3. Who was the Prime Minister of Pakistan during enforcement of first constitution:
 - a. Mohammad Ali Bogra
 - b. Ibrahim Ismail Chundrigar
 - c. Choudhry Mohammad Ali
 - d. Khwaja Nazimuddin



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4. In Pakistan, census are conducted after every ____ years.
 - a. 2
 - b. 5
 - c. 7
 - d. 10

5. The climate of the Northern mountainous region is
 - a. Cold
 - b. Arid
 - c. Hot
 - d. Dry

6. According to the data of 2019-2020, female constitute ____ percentage of the population.
 - a. 48%
 - b. 49%
 - c. 51%
 - d. 52%

7. How many major dialect Punjabi language has?
 - a. 3
 - b. 4
 - c. 5
 - d. 6

8. The poet who wrote Shah jo Risalo:
 - a. Khushhal Khan
 - b. Waris Shah
 - c. Shah Abdul Latif Bhitai
 - d. Muhammad Hakim

9. Urdu is a Turkish word which means:
 - a. Sword
 - b. Literature
 - c. Army
 - d. People

10. Second great Pushto poet was:
 - a. Amir Crore
 - b. Rehman Baba
 - c. Allama Iqbal
 - d. Khushhal Khan Khatak



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11. _____ won the maximum Squash Championships for Pakistan:
 - a. Jansher Khan
 - b. Jehangir Khan
 - c. Hashim Khan
 - d. Azam Khan

12. _____ is called the “Gateway of Islam.”
 - a. Sindh
 - b. Punjab
 - c. Balochistan
 - d. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

13. _____ won the 1935 elections with a heavy mandate.
 - a. Congress
 - b. Muslim League
 - c. British
 - d. None of the above

14. Plan to partition India was presented on _____.
 - a. June 3rd 1945
 - b. June 3rd 1947
 - c. June 6th 1945
 - d. June 6th 1947

15. East Pakistan ceded from Pakistan to become the state of Bangladesh in the year _____.
 - a. 1971
 - b. 1972
 - c. 1973
 - d. 1974

16. The Constitution of 1956 had _____ articles.
 - a. 230
 - b. 240
 - c. 234
 - d. 244



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17. UNESCO is the acronym for _____.
- United Nations Educational, Scientific and Civilization Organization
 - United Nations Energy, Science and Civilization Organization
 - United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
 - Union Nationals Educational, Scientific and Civilization
18. Muslim League was founded in _____.
- 1903
 - 1904
 - 1905
 - 1906
19. The Lahore Resolution was presented in the year _____.
- 1930
 - 1940
 - 1935
 - 1945
20. The total area of Pakistan is _____ square kilometers.
- 881,913
 - 881,920
 - 881,915
 - 881,918
21. Pakistan has a total of _____ deserts.
- 3
 - 4
 - 5
 - 6
22. The highest peak of the Karakoram mountainous range is _____.
- Gasherbrum I
 - Gasherbrum II
 - K2
 - Broad Peak
23. The First Five Year Plan was launched in _____.
- 1947
 - 1950
 - 1955
 - 1957



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24. Pakistan became the member of the UN in the year _____.

- a. 1947
- b. 1952
- c. 1971
- d. 1960

25. Pakistani society is a _____ society.

- a. Polar
- b. Diverse
- c. Hybrid
- d. unilateral

Section B:

1. Short Answers

(15)

- Answer the following questions in not more than 15 to 20 lines.
 - Attempt any **five** questions.
- a. Elucidate the ideology of Pakistan in the light of the quotes of Quaid-i-Azam.
 - b. How far do you think that the province of Sindh was successful in its struggle for independence?
 - c. What were the political problems Pakistan faced during the period of 1948-1960?
 - d. To what extent do you think the Indus Water Treaty was a fair deal between India and Pakistan?
 - e. Explain the role and contribution of Prof. Dr Ziauddin in the enhancement of the education system within the subcontinent?
 - f. Pakistan is a signatory of the fundamentals of Human Rights Charter. To what extent do you think the human rights are observed and practiced in Pakistan?
 - g. Analyse the importance of economic planning for Pakistan.
 - h. Culture is the identity of people. Elaborate.



Section C

2. Descriptive Answers (10)

- Write elaborate answers for the following questions with convincing reasons.
- Attempt any **two** questions.

- a. How does the political, social, cultural and religious lives of the people of South Asia changed after the 8th century?
- b. “The period from 1937-1945 is considered to be pivotal in the independence of Pakistan”. Do you agree? Give reasons.
- c. One of the objectives of the Organisation of Islamic Conference was to unite the Muslim countries to help resolve their collective problems, promote mutual brotherhood and devise a joint strategy to combat the external threats faced by them. Give your opinion on how far this organisation has been successful in fulfilling this objective.
- d. Give a comparative analysis of the Northern and Western mountainous regions of Pakistan.
- e. How the recent environmental hazards in Pakistan has affected the society? Explain.